AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

(Currently amended) A method, applied to a microchip wafer, of removing pattern resist 1. that remains after an etch of an underlying patterned layer that is supported by a spacer layer, comprising the steps of:

> providing a wafer having an etched patterned layer and an overlying mask pattern resist;

cleaning the wafer with a develop solution;

ashing the surface of the wafer; and

photochemically removing the pattern resist that remains after the cleaning and ashing steps.

- (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the wafer is a micromechanical device wafer. 2.
- 3. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the wafer is a DMD wafer.
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the cleaning step substantially removes 4. polymer residue from the pattern resist.
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the ashing step substantially removes 5. hardened skin from the pattern resist.
- (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the removing step is performed with an 6. acetate strip process.
- 7. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the patterned layer is a metal layer.
- 8. (Currently amended) A method of forming a patterned layer over a spacer layer on a wafer substrate, comprising the steps of:

depositing the spacer layer;

depositing material for the patterned layer;

depositing a pattern resist material;

patterning the material for the patterned layer;

etching the resist material and the material for the patterned layer;

cleaning the wafer resist material and remaining material for the patterned layer with a develop solution after said etching step;

ashing the surface of the wafer after said cleaning step; and

TI-36187 Amendment - Page 2

photochemically removing the pattern resist that remains after the cleaning and ashing steps.

- 9. (Original) The method of Claim 8, wherein the wafer is a micromechanical device wafer.
- 10. (Original) The method of Claim 8, wherein the wafer is a DMD wafer.
- 11. (Original) The method of Claim 8, wherein the cleaning step substantially removes polymer residue from the pattern resist.
- 12. (Original) The method of Claim 8, wherein the ashing step substantially removes hardened skin from the pattern resist.
- 13. (Original) The method of Claim 8, wherein the removing step is performed with an acetate strip process.
- 14. (Original) The method of Claim 8, wherein the patterned layer is a metal layer.
- 15. (Previously presented) A method of forming a micromirror array, comprising the steps of:

forming control circuitry on a semiconductor substrate;

depositing a first spacer layer on the substrate;

patterning the first spacer layer to define hinge support vias and spring tip support vias;

depositing a hinge layer over the first spacer layer;

forming at least one hinge etch mask on the hinge layer;

patterning the hinge layer to form at least one hinge, wherein the pattern is formed using a pattern resist layer and an etch process;

removing pattern resist that remains after the preceding step by: cleaning the wafer with a develop solution; ashing the surface of the wafer; and removing the pattern resist that remains after the cleaning and ashing steps;

depositing a second spacer layer over the hinge layer;

patterning the second spacer layer to define mirror support vias;

depositing a metal mirror layer over the second spacer layer;

patterning the metal mirror layer to form an array of micro mirrors; and removing the first and the second spacer layers.

16. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the cleaning step substantially removes

TI-36187 Amendment - Page 3

- polymer residue from the pattern resist.
- 17. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the ashing step substantially removes hardened skin from the pattern resist.
- 18. (Original) The method of Claim 15, wherein the removing step is performed with an acetate strip process.

TI-36187 Amendment - Page 4